



With a Chess History like no other.

MORPHY vs.

Building display cases from scratch at the historic Beauregard-Keyes House.

Took five days. (We'd planned for one.)

I left some of my blood in those historic old floor boards.



Building risers on the dining table.



Final adjustments



And last-minute cleaning.



Assembling chess charms and chess-themed *Gris-Gris* or Voodoo pouches back at the hotel.

More on this later.



Setting the scene at Brennan's Restaurant.

More on this later.



Finally, the day arrived.



Even this took a little last-minute prep, with the timely assistance of Gordon and Mary Clapp.

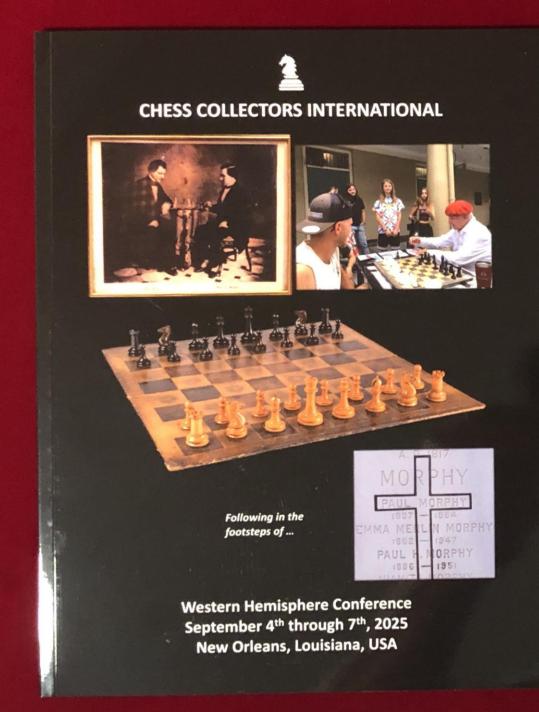








The Front and Back Covers of our Program:

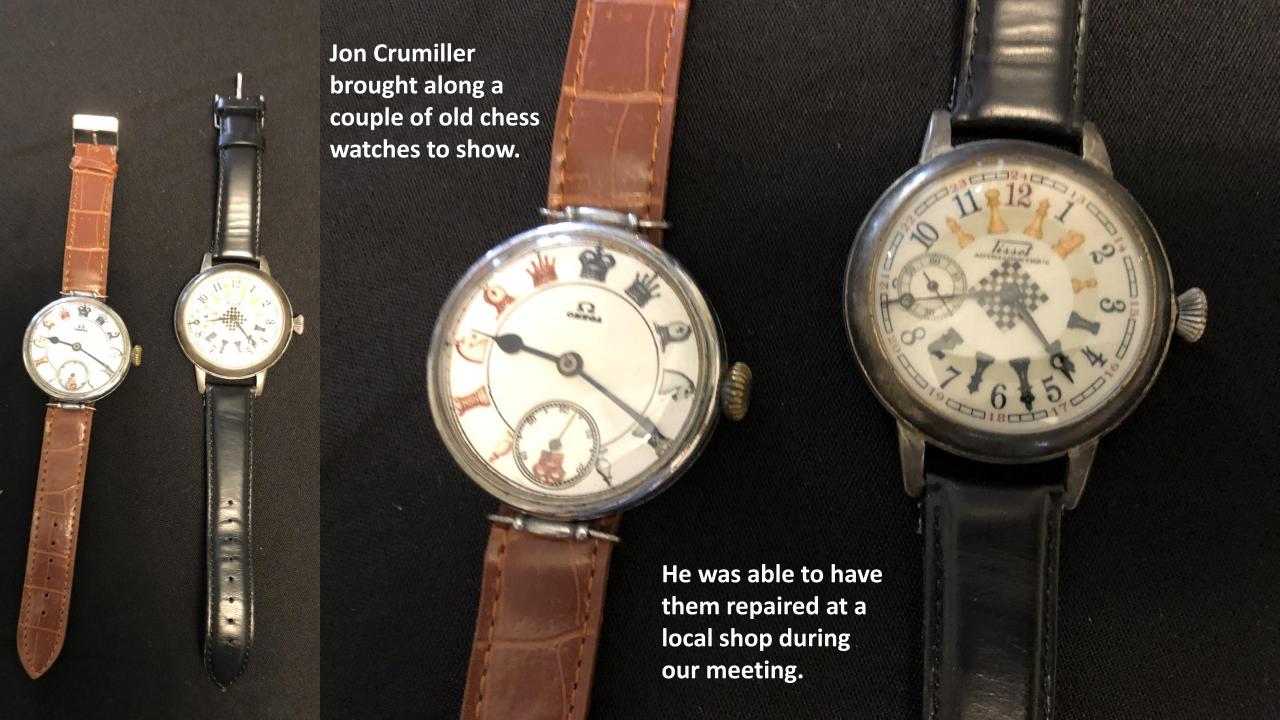


Il plantera la bannière de Castille sur les murs de Madrid au cri de Ville gagnée, et le petit Roi s'en ira tout penaud.



(He will plant the banner of Castile upon the walls of Madrid to the cru of City Won, and the little King will go away looking very sheepish.)

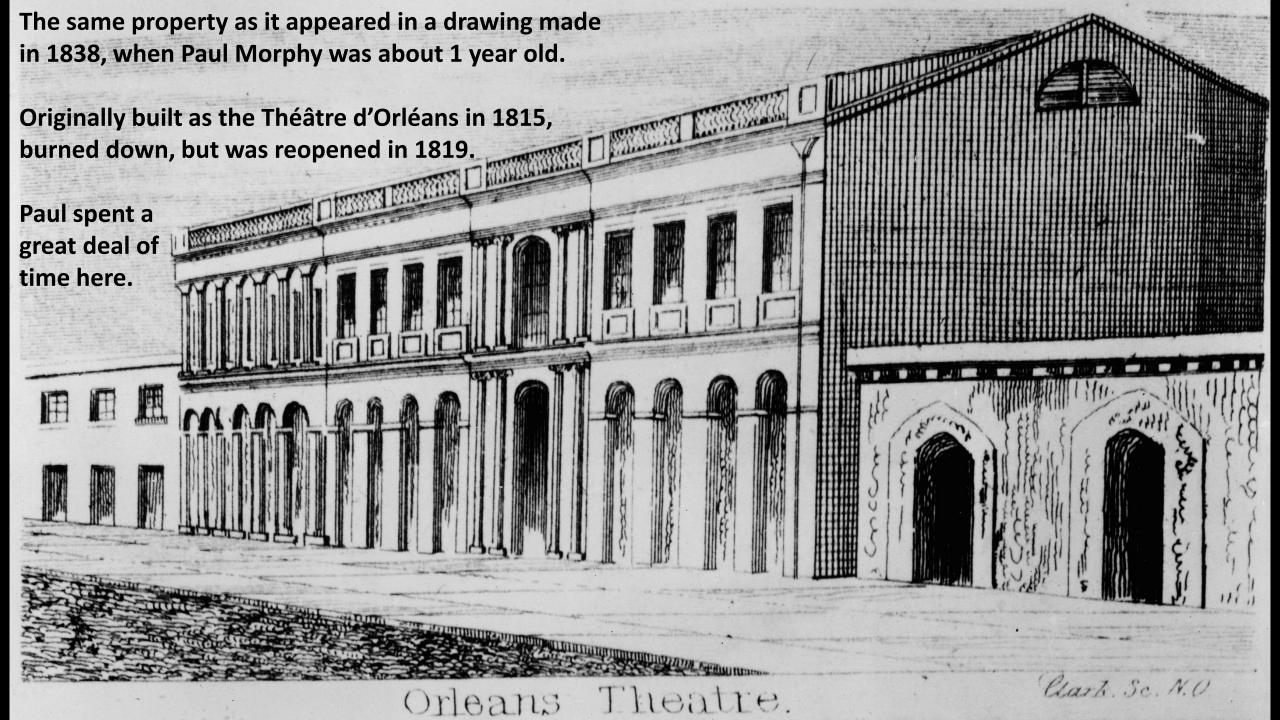
Paul Charles Morphy, 1837-1884



The BOURBON ORLEANS HOTEL

As it appears today.





Left, another view of the chess cave.

Right, Jude at his table on the first day of our conference.



Dinner in St. Ann's Cottage.

(Part of the hotel property, one street over.)



After dinner, we watched the award-winning documentary,

The Man in the Red Beret

The Man in the Red Beret was there to watch it with us.

So was the filmmaker, Derek Bridges, and several others involved with the film.

Afterwards, Jude lead the discussion and answered questions from our members.

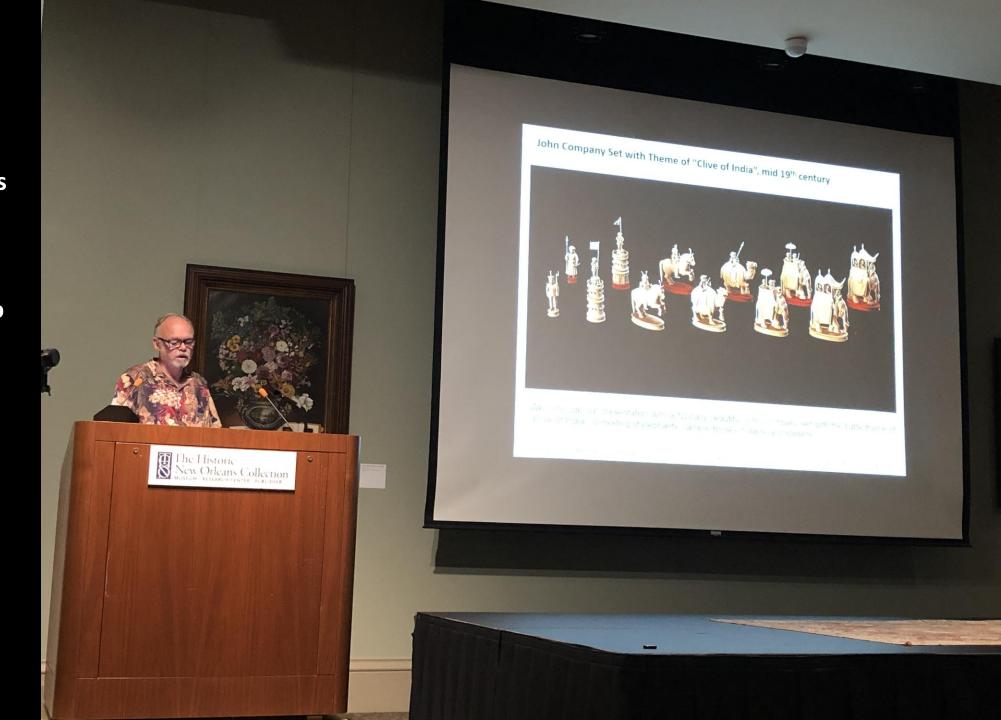


Friday morning, we had just few talks.

Rick Knowlton (a last-minute substitute) spoke about the Chess Variants show which recently opened at the WCHOF. Rick was a major contributor to this show.

Jon Crumiller spoke on Chess Sets of the East India Company.

Tom Gallegos spoke on Chess & Money: How Times Change. (This paper included in the conference program.)



Tom Gallegos speaks in the Cruise Room of the Historic New Orleans Collection.



Luncheon was served, one block away at the historic Napoleon House Restaurant (1797), named for the Emperor Napoleon who might have lived in these rooms if he had been rescued from exile on St. Helena.

As was the plan, way back in 1821 ...



Kay McCrary had recently broken her leg, so she and John were unable to join us upstairs.

Their consolation prize was getting to eat lunch downstairs on the lovely old stone-topped chess table featured in our conference program.



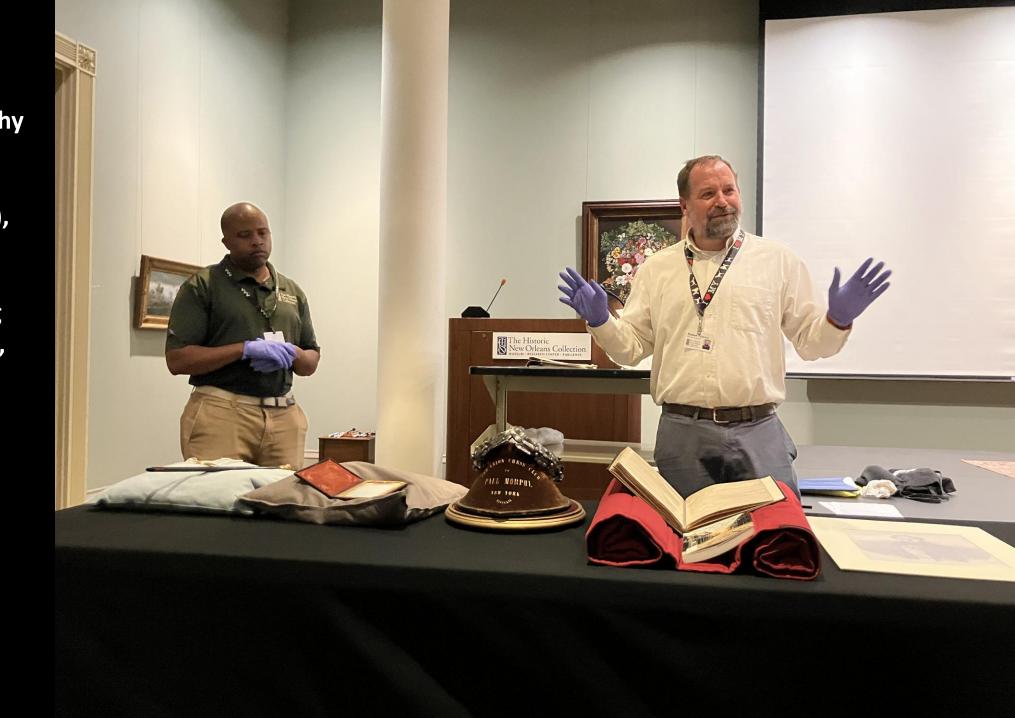
Back at HNOC after lunch, Luann announces the Show & Tell event.



Show & Tell of Morphy Artifacts at HNOC.

Kendric Perkins (left), and Bobby Ticknor.

Seen are the walking stick, daguerreotype, silver laurel wreath trophy, and the unpublished Leona Queyrouze manuscript.



First row, left to right:

Derek Bridges, documentary filmmaker (filming),

Sir Jude Acers, chess master and raconteur,

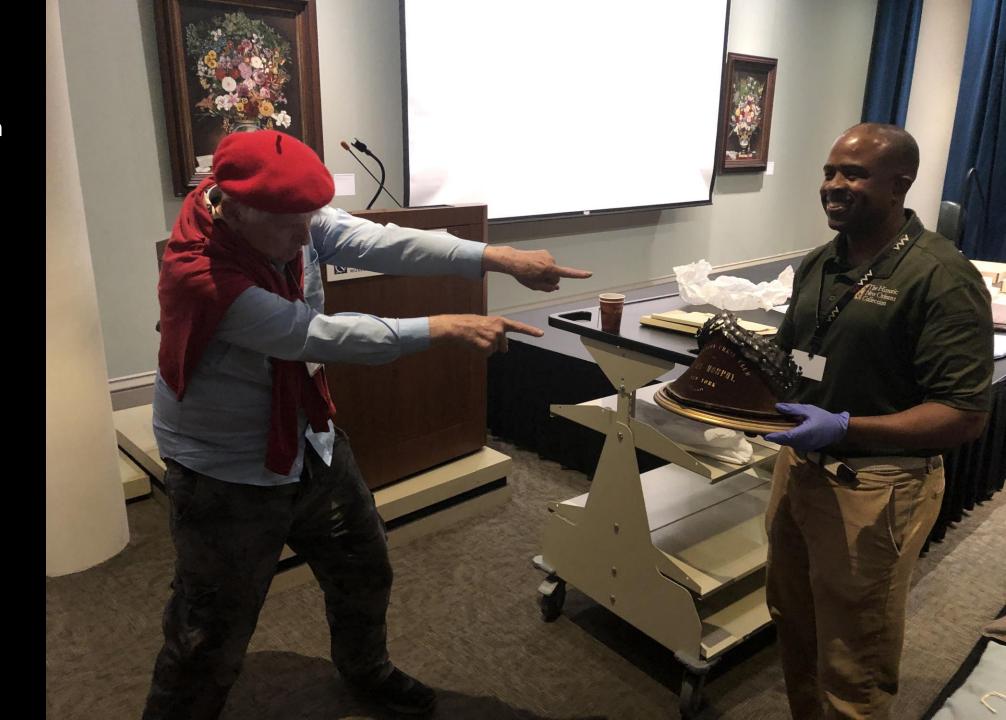
Baylee Badawy, of the Chess Cave.



Two highlights:
Morphy's silver
laurel wreath
trophy from
1859, and the
famous
daguerreotype.



Sir Jude lends his own personal brand of PR wizardry to Morphy's silver laurel wreath trophy from 1859.



We also held a general business meeting, in which the following officers were elected or re-elected:

- President of CCI-USA: Tom Gallegos
- Vice President: Doug Bandow (replacing Israel Raphaelli, who has been in an accident and asked to withdraw)
- Treasurer: Luann Woneis
- Secretary: Myron Samsin

We also discussed possible sites for the next Western Hemisphere Conference in 2027, after next year's Biennial currently scheduled for Bonn, Germany. Leading candidates were:

- San Antonio, Texas (Jon Crumiller collection)
- Maryhill, Washington State (Maryhill Museum of Art, permanent chess collection)
- Dayton, Ohio (Lari LaVerne's soon-to-open Dayton Chess Museum)
- Cleveland, Ohio (John G. White Chess & Checkers Library)

Then Kendric Perkins led us on a tour of the HNOC main galleries.

But there was really only one thing our members wanted to see.

The Jaques chess set and folding leather board said to have belonged to Paul Morphy himself.



Here's a closer shot:



We all wanted our picture taken with the set.

Left to right:

- Gordon Clapp
- John DeMoor
- John McCrary
- Tom Gallegos (seated)
- Kay McCrary



Then, as we all mobbed the set, a lively discussion took place between CCI members and the HNOC staff.

Jaques authority Frank Camaratta pronounced the set correct for the period.

Possible methods of further researching its provenance and connection to Morphy were discussed – at length.



This discussion went on ...



And on ...

And on ...



No one noticed that we were also standing directly beneath the famous plaster bust of Morphy.

A significant work of art, this bust was created by sculptor and N.O. Chess Club member Achille Perelli in 1891.

Too focused on the board and pieces, we missed it.



Then we hung out in a bar and drank until it was time to get on the boat.



Mississippi Riverboat

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS

(Scheduled was the NATCHEZ, but they swapped boats on us at the last minute.)



CCI GROUP PHOTO:



In its decorative frame:



A nice dinner ...

In the foreground,
Frank & Gwen
Camaratta are seen
dining with Brian
Flowers and Emily
Allred of WCHOF
(backs to camera).



Jude gives a few impromptu lessons after dinner:



This draws a crowd:



Then something happened that has apparently never happened before ...





The first known
USCF-rated chess
tournament ever
held on a Mississippi
riverboat.

Organized by Baylee
Badawy of the Chess
Cave, and Andrew
Squitiro of Downriver
Chess Club.



A small tournament, with a short time control, but which may portend bigger things to come.



Important PR work taking place in the background as we played.

(This may be the only time Jude Acers has ever been seen in a hat that was NOT a red beret.)



Saturday morning our destination is the historic Beauregard-Keyes House, built by Morphy's grandfather, Joseph Le Carpentier in 1826.

Many sources claim that this is the house where Paul Morphy was born in 1837. But historian **Kendric Perkins of the HNOC** and others dispute this, saying it was only one of many family properties in the area, and that Paul was likely born in a different house, somewhere nearby.



A view of the courtyard.

Confederate General P.G.T.
Beauregard did live here
for a time, and so did
novelist Frances Parkinson
Keyes, who wrote *The*Chess Players in this house
in 1960. (A fictionalized
biography of Morphy.)

Most of our Saturday events would take place here, except the gala dinner.

Starting with the morning's chess market.



CHESS MARKET

Rick Knowlton's table.

A WORLD OF CHESS



Rick Knowlton with Patrice and Annie Plain.



CHESS MARKET

Artworks by local N.O. artist Jon Guillaume.

(Some of his work is in the WCHOF.)



PHOTO: RICK KNOWLTON

Emily Allred and Brian Flowers of WCHOF (backs to camera) speak with artist Jon Guillaume.



CHESS MARKET

Prototype chess pieces designed and created by Ben Guillaume (Jon's brother).



Deanna Antiporta and Judy Huey speak with chess designer Ben Guillaume.



CHESS MARKET

Tom & Luann's table.



CHESS MARKET

Tom & Luann's table.



Dr. Bernard Christenson checks out the offerings at Baylee Badawy's table.



It was also time for the long-awaited viewing of the temporary display of chess antiques by Jon Crumiller, Tom Gallegos, and Luann Woneis.

We did not have time to put out a general call to display member's treasures before this meeting, but Jon Crumiller was kind enough to come to our rescue, and agreed to exhibit alongside us.



Luann with part of our collection.



This is the entire display. Just two pairs of display cases placed back to back, in the parlor of the home.



FIRST PAIR

Crumiller



HIGHLIGHTS











SECOND PAIR

Gallegos-Woneis



HIGHLIGHTS



An old deck of tarot cards set up as a chess set?

What's that doing here?

(Probably a first.)



Here is a short essay on How Chess Helped to Create the Tarot.

Part of the display.

(New Orleans is a huge tarot town. That's why we thought this would be so appropriate.)

HOW CHESS HELPED TO CREATE THE TAROT

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Historians and scholars have long speculated about a possible historical relationship or link between chess and tarot, without much success. But in fact, there are a number of things that can be said with some specificity. This is just a brief summary. Chess is by far the older of the two, developed in northern India (some say Persia) in the seventh century. So it is chess that would have influenced the tarot, and not the other way around. Contrary to popular belief, the origin of chess is a far bigger mystery than the origin of tarot.

Tarot was developed in the early 1400s by Renaissance nobles of northern Italy. Cities such as Milan, Ferrara, Bologna, and Florence were all involved. Particular people from certain powerful families can be identified as having been most likely involved in the creation of the first few hand-painted and gilded *tarocchi* decks, namely the Visconti family, the Sforza, the d'Este, the artist Bonifacio Bembo, and others.

Chess had been around for some 800 years by this time, and in Europe for at least a few centuries. Chess was already a favorite game among the same Italian noble families who would later develop tarot. Tarot was an offshoot of regular playing cards which had arrived in Europe from the East some time around 1300. But by the 1400s, a fifth suit, which we call the *major arcana*, was added to the deck. This fifth suit originally represented a series of personages from the *Trionfi*, civic parades which hearkened back to ancient Roman military triumphs. In a Roman triumph, each succeeding car (or float, if you will) outranks the one before it, ending with the victorious general. But this conquering hero, who ranks highest, always has a fool clinging to the back of his car, who ranks lowest. The purpose of the fool is to serve as a *memento mori*, constantly whispering in the general's ear, "Remember that you too, are mortal. Remember that even you will one day die." To keep the mighty humble was the duty of the fool. This is why today's tarot fool is neither the highest nor lowest card in the series, but might be either. In these Italian *Trionfi* civic parades, which still take place today, certain characters, personages, or floats were occasionally chess-themed. (Even in today's Mardi Gras, some krewes or floats have often been known to feature chess or chess-like themes.)

It has been common for mainstream playing card historians to assert that tarot cards were originally invented only for playing games, and that any use for divination or fortune telling came much later, in the late 1700s. But this is factually incorrect. People in the Renaissance commonly used absolutely everything in their world for divination in some fashion, from lightning to footsteps to dripping candle wax to placenta to the sound of a dog barking or a stomach growling. You name it, there was a form of divination associated with it. They certainly made no exception for tarot cards, or regular playing cards, for that matter. In fact, the Renaissance itself is often said to have begun with an act of divination. (The poet Petrarch climbs Mont Ventoux in 1336, and at the summit commits an act of bibliomancy, flipping randomly through the pages of St. Augustine's Confessions until he alights on a passage, which he then interprets as a personal prophecy.)

Chess, as a simulacrum of war which the *Trionfi* celebrated, was often used to discuss the outcomes of battles past, or even divine the outcomes of battles yet to come, but this ancient use of chess pieces has of course left societies and the fates or *lots* of individuals, just as any tarot reader might do. The fact that chess and playing present allegories of the world, is much more than a coincidence, even if we cannot find simple one-to-one correspondences between the chess pieces, the squares of the board, and the cards.

Most modern historians have long forgotten, but in the strictest ancient classical sense, all games are acts of divination, since you are playing to see who wins. This is a sortes in the Greco-Roman tradition, or the casting gaming pieces). Yet the casting of lots, any kind of lots, was always divinatory, an act which is tantamount to









An old chess sandglass?
What's that doing there??





Luann and Company. Near her you can just see one of the chess pies we went out of our way to find, because it is a Southern specialty. We would serve chess pie twice today, at both lunch and dinner.

But it turns out chess pie isn't really very good.

"It's jess' pie," as they say.



After lunch, we featured historical presentations by Sir Jude Acers of the World Chess Table,



Baylee Badawy, founder of the Chess Cave,





These two make a good team.



Our videographer, Derek Bridges, hard at work



And a panel discussion on Morphy history, moderated by Jon Crumiller, with

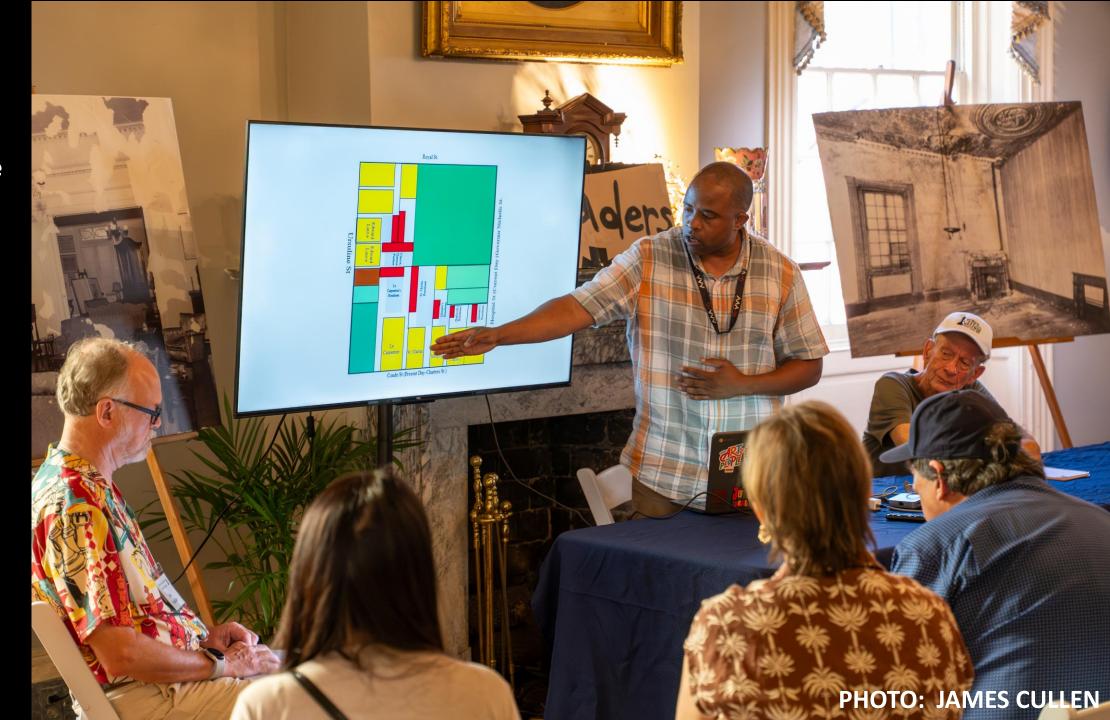
John McCrary, past president of the US Chess Federation,

Kendric Perkins, of the Historic New Orleans Collection,

and Rick Dean, a descendant of the Morphy family.



Kendric
Perkins of the
HNOC
discusses
some nearby
Morphyassociated
properties.



Later, Kendric took our group outside and led a quick tour of the area, pointing out some of these sites nearby.

Just at that moment, Paul Morphy himself pulled up in a carriage.

(Just kidding.)



Back at the historic BK House, Jude conducted an eight-board simul. You might say it was,

DEATH IN THE AFTERNOON

A clean sweep for Jude, 8-0.



Paul Morphy's Family Home

89 Royal Street

(The family lived here for 50 years, from 1841 to 1891)



Brennan's Restaurant

417 Royal Street



The MORPHY ROOM

Upstairs in Brennan's.

History records this is the room where Paul Morphy died in his bath tub, July 10, 1884.

(Redecorated since that time.)

For the next few hours, it would serve as CCI's own private chess club.



The chess set we found here this evening was a bit strange. Perhaps because this place is a restaurant?

Frank Camaratta says these sets are commercially available. It is not a put-together.

No wonder there are no salt and pepper shakers to be found on the tables in the restaurant.

They're all in here.



Doug Geib salts the pepper.



I got to play Jude, at one point.

Our game was seasoned to perfection.



There were also chess sets to be found out on the veranda.

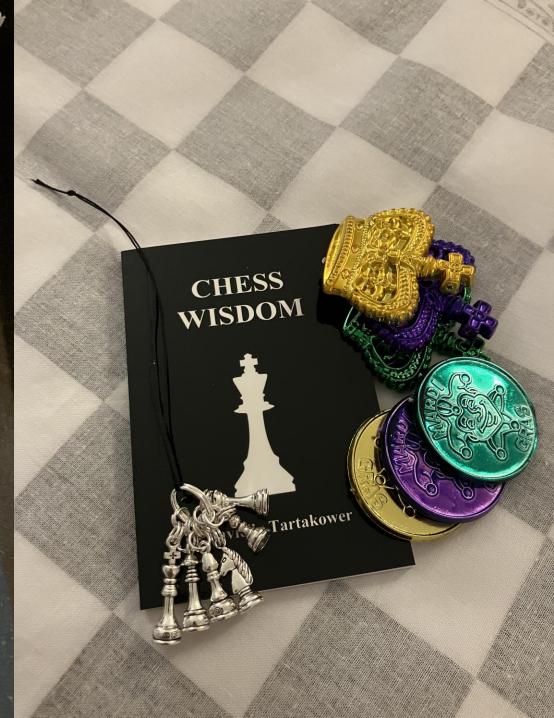


A chess GRIS-GRIS bag:

Also called an amulet bag or conjure bag.

And its contents.





Our table setting, complete with chess gris-gris bags, and Mardi Gras beads with chess charms.

And flickering lantern light.



People gather for dinner in the adjacent Havana Room.

This room may just possibly have been Paul's bedroom.

(Jon Crumiller looks as if he's seen a ghost.)



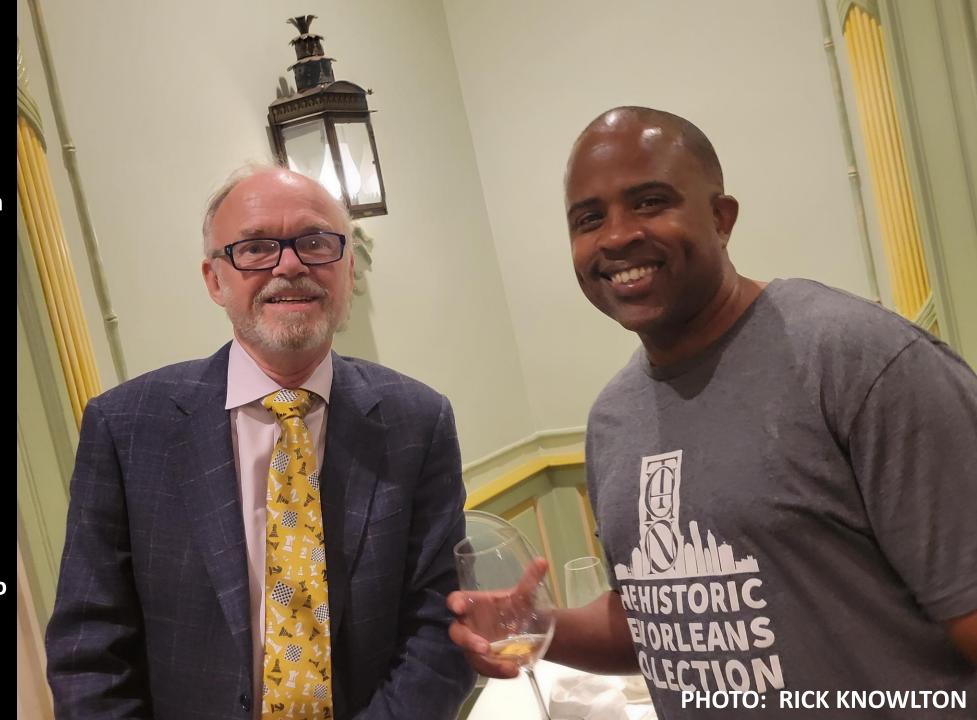
Gala Dinner at Brennan's





Jon Crumiller of CCI (left) talks with HNOC historian and Paul Morphy expert Kendric Perkins.

We are hopeful that the many contacts made and the collaboration begun at this meeting between CCI and the historians of New Orleans can continue into the future. There is still more work to be done.



Meanwhile ...





The VOODOO QUEEN

Our Special Guest ...

Madame Marie Laveau (1801 - 1881)

waits on the HAUNTED VERANDA



TOP SECRET:



Here is a long-awaited chance for Paul Morphy to have his say, after all these years. To silence his critics, and to finally set the record straight.

An opportunity to speak in his own voice ...

From his own point of view ...

IN HIS OWN HOUSE

The Host Rises to Make an Announcement.

Ringing a silver bell, he calls the room to order, explains the situation, and introduces our special guest.



Madame
Laveau
glides in
silently on
the night
breeze.



Just what is the connection between chess and Voodoo?





She begins to conjure in earnest ...



The Voodoo
Queen
conjures the
ghost of
Morphy with a
puff of magic
dust from her
gris-gris bag.



Paul appears from nowhere, as if he has just returned from his daily walk through the Quarter.

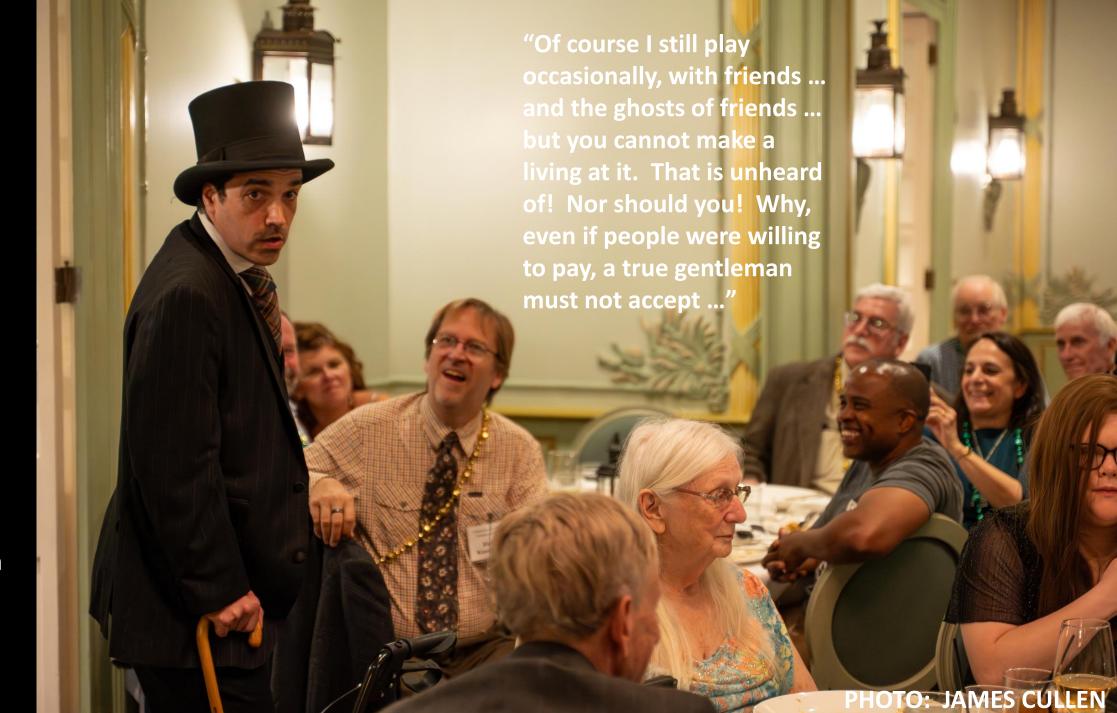
He looks a bit confused ...











This statement has an immediate and unforeseen effect.



The ghost of Bobby Fischer rises to object.

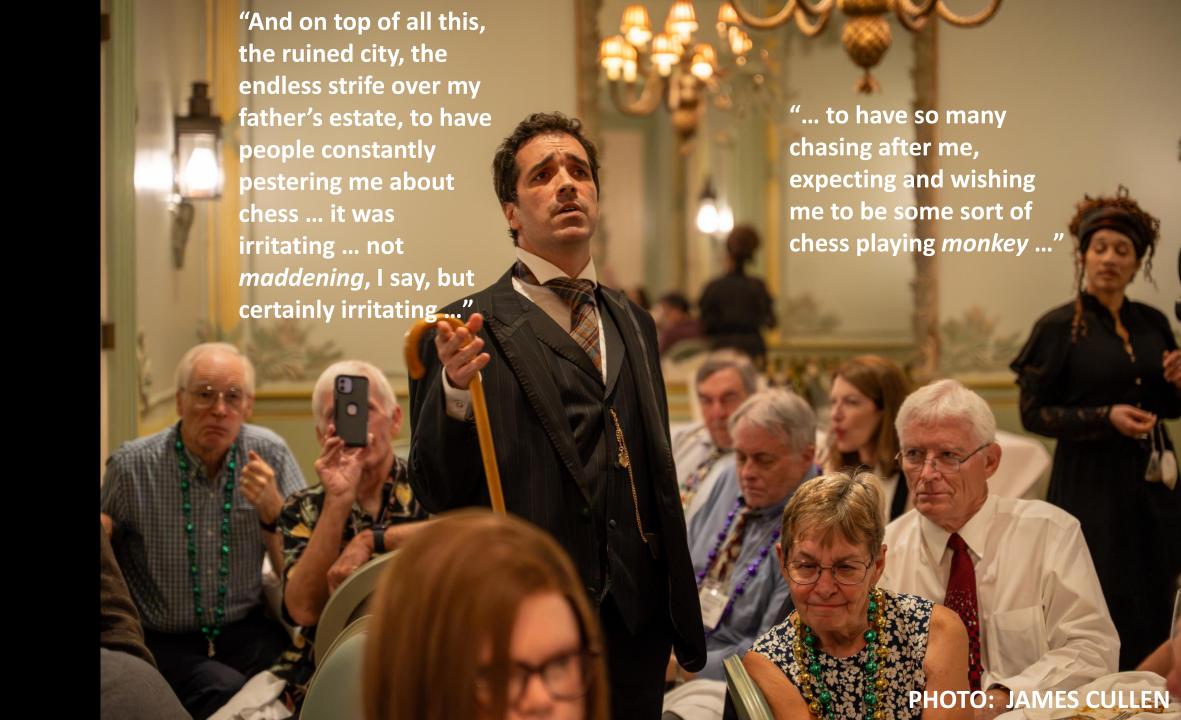




The two ghosts argue late into the evening, about the proper role of money in chess, and about the kinds of things that just may have happened to Paul and his family during the Civil War.









Audience reaction was good.



In some cases, very good.



Brennan's famous
Bananas Foster was
then served for
dessert, along with
more Chess Pie, of
course.



Not Exactly a Séance:

An Evening with Paul Morphy and Bobby Fischer

THE CAST

(Note: Matt Martinez is an actual descendent of the Morphy family, the second such person at our conference.)



The cast members chat with Jude Acers and Baylee Badawy.

(The ghost of Bobby Fischer greets his old friend, Jude.)



One for the history books.



The Ghosts of
Paul Morphy
and Bobby
Fischer play Salt
& Pepper in the
Morphy Room
prior to the
performance.



SUNDAY

After the farewell breakfast, a small group of us made the customary pilgrimage to Morphy's family tomb.

St. Louis Cemetery No. 1.

If Paul's ghost was there, watching over us, he made no sign ...



SUNDAY

An even smaller group stopped for a late lunch at Broussard's Restaurant, which includes the site of Morphy's old childhood schoolhouse, Jefferson Academy.



The END

